## **GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Saunders Company, Ltd. 6008 West Cortez Street Glendale, Arizona 85304 Phone 623-476-8660 Fax 602-926-2431

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## **GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT**

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

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# SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD

#### JAMES H. SAUNDERS, CPA, CFE, CGFM, PI. TRICIA E. SAUNDERS, PI.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGER LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS #01534603, # 1003706 6008 W. CORTEZ ST GLENDALE, ARIZONA 85304 Tel: (623) 476-8660 Fax: (602) 926-2431 E-Mail: JamesH49@AOL.com Triciaesaunders@yahoo.com

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Arizona Society of Certified Public Accountants

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Arizona Association of Licensed Private Investigators

To the Governing Board Golden Shores Fire District Topock, Arizona

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Golden Shores Fire District, Topock, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Golden Shores Fire District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

International Association of Certified Fraud Examiners Arizona Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

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Independent Auditor's Report 6/30/2021 Page 2

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Required Supplementary Information and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Arizona Revised Statutes require disclosure of certain additional supplementary information required to comply with section 48-251 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by statute as an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Arizona Revised Statutes require disclosure of certain additional supplementary information required to comply with section 9-956 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Arizona State Fire Marshal as mandated by statute as an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona February 8, 2022

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## **Golden Shores Fire District**

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis of Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

The following discussion and analysis of the Golden Shores Fire District (the district's) financial performance presents management's overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements which begin immediately following this analysis. This annual financial report consists of two parts, Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the Basic Financial Statements.

#### Nature of Operations

The Golden Shores Fire District provides Fire, Ambulance, and Paramedic services to homes, property and persons residing within the District boundaries, as well as services to locations and persons outside the District through mutual aid agreements and contracts.

#### **Results of Operations**

Description of things District has done in 2020-2021 fiscal year

- $\lambda$  319 Fire and other non-medical runs
- $\lambda$  308 Ambulance runs
- $\lambda$  Fire Safety week at Topock Elementary School, Trunk or Treat, Toys for Joy, Fire Department BBQ

#### Financial Highlights

- **§** District investment in capital assets decreased by \$58,478 or 9.45%.
- **§** The District's net position decreased \$203,353 or 19.77% from the previous fiscal year.
- **§** Total revenues decreased \$17,559 or 2.15% over the previous fiscal year.
- **§** At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted net position for the Governmental Activities was \$264,513.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The main purpose of these statements is to provide the reader with sufficient information to assess whether or not the District's overall financial position has improved or deteriorated.

#### **Government - Wide Financial Statements**

The government -wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private -sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

#### Net Position June 30, 2021

	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020		BALANCE JUNE 30, 2021	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>JU1</u> \$	<u>NE 30, 2020</u> 601,048	<u>JUN</u> \$	<u>E 30, 2021</u> 560,473
Unrestricted		427,291		264,513
Total Net Position	\$	1,028,339	\$	824,986

#### **Government - wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Golden Shores Fire District, total net position at the close of the most recent fiscal year was \$ 824,986.

A large portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for

future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following page contains a comparative analysis between the current and the prior fiscal year for the government -wide statements.

	Governmental	Activities
	2020	2021
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 423,364	\$ 299,526
Capital assets, net	618,951	560,473
Total assets	1,042,315	859,999
Deferred outflow of resources	309,779	435,002
Liabilities		
Current and other liabilities	47,232	27,980
Non-current liabilities	27,021	225,384
Total liabilities	74,253	253,364
Deferred inflow of resources	249,502	216,651
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	601,048	560,473
Unrestricted	427,291	264,513
Total net position	\$ 1,028,339	\$ 824,986

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

The unrestricted net position of \$ 264,513 is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Most of the revenues for the District were derived from assessed property taxes and Fire District Assistance Tax from the County.

 $\lambda$  Ambulance revenue on the cash basis of accounting was \$128,721 and decreased by \$2,319 from the previous year. Fidelity Medical Billing specializes in medical billing providing effective claim submittal to ensure timely payment. Ambulance revenues are regulated by the Arizona Department of Health Services. Governmental Activities net position decreased by \$ 203,353. Key elements of this decrease are reported below:

### Statement of Activities

		Governmenta	al Act	tivities
	-	<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>
Expenditures:				
Public Safety:				
Personnel	\$	627,591	\$	791,354
Materials & Services	Ŷ	50,036	Ŷ	69,074
Administration		44,985		52,425
Operating Grants		20,498		17,507
Debt Service Interest		3,943		2,964
Depreciation		64,716		58,478
Total Expenditures		811,769		991,802
Revenues:				
Program Revenue:				
Operating Grants		20,498		17,809
Fees for services		144,937		130,450
Total program revenues		165,435		148,259
Net Program Expenditures		646,334		843,543
General Revenues:				
Property taxes		539,753		562,309
Fire District Assistance Tax		57,980		60,616
Gain on Pension Investments		33,142		0
Interest Earnings		4,768		2,364
Miscellaneous		38,255		14,901
Total General Revenues		673,898		640,190
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		27,564		(203,353)
Net position, Beginning of the Year		1,000,774		1,028,339
Net position, End of the Year	\$	1,028,339	\$	824,986

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District follows procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The budget is adopted on a cash basis of accounting. The Board of Directors approves the total budget appropriation and amendments.

- $\lambda$  Over the course of the year there were no amendments to the budget.
- $\lambda$  The District's EMS type activities had some challenges as a result of the COVID 19 situation and this impacted the year's operations.
- $\lambda$  The District stayed within the budget.
- $\lambda$  The lease purchase for real property located at 12950 Oatman Highway financed through Zions Bank was paid in full November 2021.
- $\lambda$  The District obtained grant funding from Golden Shores Fire Department Auxiliary in the amount of \$4,000 which was then paid to Univest Capital Incorporated for the Zoll X-Series Defibrillators purchased in 2019; this lease purchase was paid in full and was not scheduled to be paid off until 2025. This also satisfied the match to the BHHS Legacy Foundation grant received in 2020.
- $\lambda$  The District received grant funding from Coyote Crisis Collaborative in the amount of \$13,809 for the purchase of patient shields.
- $\lambda$  The approved budget was \$1,111,337. On the cash basis of accounting total revenue was \$796,715 and total expenses were \$875,284.
- $\lambda$  On the cash basis of accounting, revenues decreased by \$4,307 and expenses increased by \$77,826. Operating reserve balance was \$96,154 and capital reserve was \$21,789.
- $\lambda$  Carryover normally transferred to operating reserve was restricted for payroll on June 30, 2021, was \$80,191.

The District expended \$29,369 more in personnel costs than was budgeted. This was due to unexpected personnel costs related to staffing during the pandemic. In addition, the District received an unexpected grant to assist with additional costs incurred in providing needed PPE during the pandemic as well as the grant from the Golden Shores Fire Department Auxiliary mentioned previously. This unexpected grant expense caused a negative variance of \$17,507 but was offset by the receipt of grant revenue in the amount of \$17,809.

The legal compliance of budgeting for Special Districts in Arizona is at the fund level. The District did not overspend its budget at the fund level, staying well within the governing board approved budget.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

In order to continue to provide the best service possible, the District spends a portion of the budget on fixed asset acquisition and capital projects.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 the District did not purchase any capital assets but chose to pay off the existing lease/purchases.

#### Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation June 30, 2021

Capital asset activity for the year ended:

	BALANCE <u>06/30/2020</u>	BALANCE <u>06/30/2021</u>
Depreciable Assets		
Vehicles Buildings Equipment, Fire	\$ 1,020,107 534,599 <u>281,169</u>	\$ 1,020,107 534,599 <u>281,169</u>
Total Historical Costs	1,835,875	1,835,875
Less Accumulated Depreciation		
Vehicles	894,568	926,539
Buildings	152,674	163,366
Equipment, Fire	230.055	245,870
Less: Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,277,297	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	558,578	500,100
Non-Depreciable Assets		
Land	60,373	60,373
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 618,951</u>	<u>\$ 560,473</u>

#### **Non-Current Liabilities**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had non-current liabilities of \$20,831. All of the debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District.

Changes in Non-Current Liabilities:

	Balance June 30, 2020		alance 30, 2021
Building Zoll Monitors	\$ 11,858 6,045	\$	0 0
Total Lease Obligations	17,903		0
Compensated Absences – Due in More than One Year	\$ 33,776	\$	20,831
Total Lease Obligations and Compensated Absences	51,679		20,831
Less: Current Capital Liabilities	 17,903		0
Totals	\$ 33,776	\$	20,831

#### **Factors Affecting Future Results**

The District is subject to general economic conditions such as increases or declines in property tax value or other types of revenues that vary with economic conditions.

- $\lambda$  There are additional new homes being built in the District.
- $\lambda$  Decreases/Increases in property value.
- $\lambda$  Topock 66 Spa and Resort expansion project.
- $\lambda$  Solar plant
- $\lambda$  Annexation

#### **Contacting the District**

This financial report is designed to provide an overview of the District's finances for anyone with an interest in the government's finances. Any questions regarding this report or requests for additional information may be directed to Golden Shores Fire District at 12950 Oatman Highway, PO Box 66, Topock, Arizona 86436.

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# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

#### Exhibit A

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	204,690
Receivables:		
Property Taxes		24,251
Ambulance, Net		55,457
Net OPEB Asset- (PSPRS)		15,128
Capital Assets, Net		560,473
Total Assets		859,999
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB(PSPRS)		3,441
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension(PSPRS)		431,561
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources		1,295,001
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		5,340
Payroll Taxes Payable		6,799
Wages Payable		11,675
Due in less than one year:		
Compensated Absences		4,166
Non-Current Liabilities		
Due in more than one year:		
Compensated Absences		16,665
Net Pension Liability (PSPRS)		208,719
Total Liabilities		253,364
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB (PSPRS)		14,785
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension (PSPRS)		201,866
Total Liabilities and Inflow of Resources		470,015
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		560,473
Unrestricted		264,513
Total Net Position	\$	824,986

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Exhibit B

	Governmental Activities	
EXPENDITURES		
Public Safety:		
Personnel	\$ 791,354	
Materials & Supplies	69,074	
Administration	52,425	
Operating Grants	17,507	
Debt Service Interest	2,964	
Depreciation	58,478	
Total Program Expenditures	991,802	
PROGRAM REVENUES		
Operating Grants	17,809	
Fees for Service	130,450	
Total Program Revenues	148,259	
Net Program Expenditures	843,543	
GENERAL REVENUES		
Property Taxes	562,309	
Fire District Assistance Tax	60,616	
Interest Earnings	2,364	
Miscellaneous	14,901	
Total General Revenues	640,190	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(203,353)	
NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,028,339	
NET POSITION-END OF THE YEAR	\$ 824,986	

## GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2021

Exhibit C

		General
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	204,690
Property Taxes		24,251
Ambulance, Net		55,457
Total Assets	\$	284,398
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	5,340
Payroll Taxes Payable	Ψ	6,799
Wages Payable		11,675
Total Liabilities		23,814
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenues Deferred Property Taxes		11,938
Total Liabitities and Inflow of Resources		35,752
FUND BALANCES		
Assigned		124,499
Unassigned	_	124,147
Total Fund Balances		248,646
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources & Fund Balances	\$	284,398

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND1 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Exhibit D

	General	
REVENUE	¢	
Property Taxes	\$	571,563
Fire District Assistance Tax		60,616
Fees for Service		130,450
Interest Earnings		2,364
Operating Grants		17,809
Miscellaneous		14,901
Total Revenues		797,703
EXPENDITURES		
Public Safety:		
Personnel		716,668
Materials & Supplies		69,074
Administration		52,425
Operating Grants		17,507
Debt Service		
Principal		17,903
Interest		2,964
Total Expenditures		876,541
Excess (Deficiency) of		
Revenues over Expenditures		(78,838)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(78,838)
Fund Balances-Beginning of the Year		327,484
Fund Balances-End of the Year	\$	248,646

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Exhibit E
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position (Exhibit A) of governmental activities:	
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund (Exhibit C)	\$ 248,646
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the other funds.	
Governmental Capital Assets 1,896,248	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation (1,335,775)	560,473
Net Pension Asset	
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)	15,128
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)	3,441
Related to Pension (PSPRS)	431,561
Non-Current liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds	(20,831)
Net Pension Liability	(208,719)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)	(14,785)
Related to Pension (PSPRS)	(201,866)
Related to Deferred Property Taxes	 11,938
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A)	\$ 824,986

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Exhibit F

### Reconciliation of the change in fund balance-total governmental fund to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances -	
Total Governmental Fund (Exhibit D)	\$ (78,838)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are different because of the following:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expeditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by	
which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay	
in the current period.	(58,478)
Net Change in Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources	(35,189)
The issuance of non-current liabilities (e.g., bonds, leases, leave) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of non-current liabilities consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of non-current liabilities and related items.	 (30,848)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit B)	\$ (203,353)

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Exhibit G

	Volunteer Pension Fund			
ASSETS				
Cash & Cash Equivalents Investments, at fair value	\$ 7,707			
Mutual Funds	276,244			
Total Assets	283,951			
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable				
Total Liabilities				
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for pension				

Held in trust for pension	
and other purposes	\$ 283,951

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Exhibit H

	Volunteer Pension Fund	
ADDITIONS		
Other		
Contributions	\$	4,913
State Fire Marshal		333
Total Other Contributions		5,246
Investment Earnings:		
Interest & Dividends		10,576
Total Investment Earnings		10,576
Less Investment Expense		(3,555)
Increase in the fair value		
of investments		83,310
Net Investment Earnings		90,331
Total Additions		95,577
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits Paid to Participants		10,112
Loss on Investments		13,463
Total Deductions		23,575
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		72,002
Net Position - Beginning of the Year		211,949
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	283,951

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### **GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT**

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The District is a local governmental unit formed as a political subdivision of the local county which is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona. The District was formed under the provisions of Title 48 of Arizona Revised Statutes. The District operates under the guidance of an elected board, which is the policy making body of the District. The purpose of the District is to provide fire protection, emergency medical and related services to the residents and guests of the District and the surrounding area. The day to day operations are supervised by a fire chief and his staff.

The District has the power to issue bonds, levy taxes, bill for services and raise revenues with the power of the County government. The District has the power to expend public funds for any legitimate purpose required to further its needs. The District operates as an independent governmental agency directly responsible to the local taxpayers and voters.

#### Introduction

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, all organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations which by nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units requiring inclusion in these financial statements.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The accounting policies for the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies are described below.

#### **Government - Wide Statements**

The government -wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to users of the services provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### **Governmental funds**

Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available as net current assets. All sources of revenue except interest become measurable when the District has rendered a service. Interest revenue is measurable when its rate becomes known. Revenues are considered available if they are received within 60 days of the end of any accounting period. Expenditures are generally recognized when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. This fund's activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Financial Statements Amounts**

#### Cash & Cash Equivalents

All savings, checking and money market accounts with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Payments to vendors that benefit future accounting periods are classified as prepaid items until charged to expenditures in the period benefited.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	27.5 to 40 years
Equipment	5 to 7 years
Fire Trucks	10 years
Automobiles	5 years
Office Equipment	5 years

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid vacation and leave time is recorded in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

#### **Non-Current Liabilities**

In the government -wide financial statements, non-current liabilities and other non-current obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Net Position**

#### Net Position on Government Wide Financial Statements - Exhibit A

Fund Equity, as defined in GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments" is defined as net position and is classified in the following categories:

- **§** Restricted —amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- **§** Unrestricted this balance is the amount of equity which is not included in the restricted fund balance and the investments in capital assets balances.
- § Net Investment in Capital Assets This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### Fund Balances on Government Fund Financial Statements – Exhibit C

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- **§** Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- **§** Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitut ional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- § Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., District Board). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- **§** Assigned fund balance—amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board or by an official or body to which the District Board delegates the authority.
- **§** Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The District Board establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by District Board through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

#### **Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amount and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

A fire district shall prepare an annual budget that contains detailed estimated expenditures for each fiscal year and that clearly shows salaries payable to employees of the district. The budget summary shall be posted in three public places and a complete copy of the budget shall be published on the district's official website for twenty days before a public hearing at a meeting called by the board to adopt the budget. Copies of the budget shall also be available to members of the public on written request to the district. Following the public hearing, the district board shall adopt a budget. A complete copy of the adopted budget shall be posted in a prominent location on the district's official website for at least sixty months. For any fire district that does not maintain an official website, the fire district may comply with this subsection by posting on a website of an association of fire districts in this state. ARS 48-805.02(a)

Pursuant to ARS 48.805.02(d), all fire districts are required to submit certain information accompanying the budget which has been certified to by the chairman and clerk of the District Board. The budget and the accompanying certification are required to be submitted to the County Board of Supervisors no later than August 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. Budgets are adopted by the District on basis consistent with Arizona Revised Statutes. Encumbrance accounting is not employed by the District. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENT RISK & CASH MANAGEMENT

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The deposit of public funds is regulated by Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS). ARS 48-807 allows the District to establish bank accounts with any financial institution that is authorized to do business in the State of Arizona for the purpose of operating a payroll account, holding special revenues, ambulance revenues or both as necessary to fulfill the District's fiduciary responsibilities. The District may also establish, through the Mohave County Treasurer, accounts for monies from property taxes, grants, contributions and donations. The Mohave County Treasurer is required to establish a fund known as the "fire district general fund" for the receipt of all taxes levied on behalf of the District.

The District may register warrants only if separate accounts are maintained by the Mohave County Treasurer for each governmental fund of the District. Warrants may only be registered on the maintenance and operation account, the unrestricted capital outlay account and the special revenue accounts, and only if the total cash balance of all three accounts is insufficient to pay the warrants and only after any revolving line of credit has been expended. Registered warrants may not exceed ninety per cent of the taxes levied by the County for the District's current fiscal year. Registered warrants bear interest as prescribed by statute and are redeemed as provided for by law for County warrants.

Unless monies are legally restricted by contract, agreement or law, those monies may be transferred between fund accounts according to the original or amended budget of the Fire District.

Any surplus remaining in the fire district general fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be credited to the fire district general fund of the district for the succeeding fiscal year and after subtraction of accounts payable and encumbrances, shall be used to reduce the tax levy for the following year.

The District accounts with the Mohave County Treasurer are part of an investment pool operated by the Mohave County Treasurer. The Mohave County Treasurer invests the cash in a pool under policy guidelines established by the Mohave County Treasurer's office. The County accounts for the investment pool in their Fiduciary Investment Trust Fund. Credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk regarding the Mohave County Treasurer's Investment pool is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County. The fair value of each participant's position in the Mohave County Treasurer's Investment Pool approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool.

Financial institutions accepting governmental monies in the State of Arizona are required to collateralize at 102% all government deposits which exceed the FDIC insurance limit. The current FDIC limit is \$250,000 for the total of all interest bearing accounts and \$250,000 for the total of all demand deposit accounts. The collateralization is required to be separately identifiable securities and be held by a third party financial institution or trust agency. ARS (Title 35) requires this to be monitored by the Arizona State Treasurer's Office.

The District may also place monies in investments which are subject to the risks identified below.

The following is a summary of the Cash and Cash Equivalents held by financial institutions at June 30, 2021:

#### **DEPOSITORY ACCOUNTS:**

	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Fiduciary</u> <u>Fund</u>	Total
Insured Deposits (FDIC) Mohave Co. Treasurer Investment Pool	\$ 8,000 202,212	\$ 7,707 0	\$ 15,707 202,212
Total Deposits	210,212	7,707	217,919
In Transit Items	(5,522)	(0)	(5,522)
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents	204,690	7,707	212,397
Mutual Funds & Investments	0	276,244	276,244
Total Cash & Investments	<u>\$ 204,690</u>	<u>\$ 283,951</u>	<u>\$ 488,641</u>

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes standards for measuring fair value and applying fair value to certain investments, establishes a three-tier hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value and enhances disclosures related to fair value hierarchy and valuation techniques.

These fair value measurement reporting levels are:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Significant other observable inputs.

Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs.

Mohave County Treasurer Investment	Pool: Level (	One
Volunteer Pension Mutual Funds:	Level 7	Гwo

Break down of investments measured at fair value:

Mohave County Treasurer Investment Pool Volunteer Pension Mutual Funds	\$	202,212 276,244
Total	<u>\$</u>	478,456

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the system will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in external investment pools and in open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

*Foreign Currency Risk.* Arizona Revised Statutes do not allow foreign investments.

<u>Investment Policy</u>. The District does not have a formal policy with respect to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment in a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices other than what is in the Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS). The Mohave County Treasurer's Investment Pool (MCTIP) are external investment pools with no regulatory oversight. The MCTIP is not required to register (and is not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. As of June 30, 2021, the MCTIP had not received a credit quality rating from a national rating agency.

Arizona Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities, along with certain public obligations such as bonds or other obligations of any state of the United States of America or of any agency, instrumentality, or local governmental unit of any such state of which the District invests, that are rated in the highest rating category of nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> Concentration of credit risk is associated with investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are considered as excluded from this requirement.

Arizona Revised Statutes do not include any requirement for concentration of risk.

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Mohave County Treasurer invests the cash in a pool under policy guidelines established by the Mohave County Treasurer's office (the County). The County accounts for the investment pool in their Fiduciary Investment Trust Fund. Credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk regarding the Mohave County Treasurer's Investment Pool (MCTIP) is included in the Comprehensive Annual Report of the County. The fair value of each participant's position in the MCTIP approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool.

<u>Volunteer Pension Mutual Funds</u>. The Volunteer Pension Fund of the District invests in open-end mutual funds in the District's name and managed by an independent third party administrator. These funds are invested in SEC regulated securities. The District reports these investments at fair market value. These mutual funds are unrated and not insured. The investments are spread among several independent investment pools, each with a distinct investment type, none of which exceed 5% of the total funds invested in the investment family of funds.

#### <u>NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and the public; and natural or manmade disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have never exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the District.

In addition, as the owner and operator of emergency response vehicles, the District is exposed to a high risk of loss related to these activities. The District carries commercial insurance on all vehicles and requires insurance coverage on all privately owned vehicles used for District activities.

#### NOTE 5 - INVENTORIES

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased. All inventories of the District are considered immaterial.

#### NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

General and government al fund receivables are recorded as received except for those funds collected and held by other governments on behalf of the Fire District. These amounts are recorded as soon as they are measurable and available in accordance with governmental accounting standards.

Ambulance receivables were \$55,457 with an allowance for bad debt of \$14,068 at June 30, 2021. This gave a net of \$55,457, before contractual write offs and was expected to be collectable. The allowance for bad debt is the amount over 150 days in the accounts receivable aging report as of June 30, 2021.

#### **NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAX REVENUE RECEIVABLE**

Property Tax Revenue Receivable arises when property taxes are levied but not currently collected. The collectible portion (taxes levied less estimated uncollectible) are recorded as deferred inflow of resources in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arise.

#### NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended.

	BALANCE <u>06/30/2020</u>	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE <u>06/30/2021</u>
Depreciable Assets				
Vehicles Buildings Equipment, Fire	\$ 1,020,107 534,599 <u>281,169</u>	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 1,020,107 534,599 <u>281,169</u>
Total Historical Costs	1,835,875	0	0	1,835,875
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Vehicles Buildings Equipment, Fire	894,568 152,674 230,055	31,971 10,692 15,815	0 0 0	926,539 163,366 <u>245,870</u>
Less: Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,277,297	58,478	0	1,335,775
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	558,578	(58,478)	0	500,100
Non-Depreciable Assets				
Land	60,373	0	0	60,373
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 618.951</u>	<u>\$ (58,478)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 560.473</u>

#### NOTE 9 - DEFERRED OUTLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, "*Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*," and GASB Statement No. 65, "*Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*," the District recognized deferred outflows of resources in the governmentwide statements. These items are a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. The District reports the deferred inflows and outflows as follows:

	Government -		
	Wide	Activiti es	
Government - wide Deferred Outflows :			
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)	\$	3,441	
Related to Pension (PSPRS)		431,561	
Total Government -wide Activities	\$	435,002	
Government -wide Deferred Inflows:			
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)	\$	14,785	
Related to Pension (PSPRS)		201,866	
Total Government -wide Activities	\$	216,651	
	Gove	ernmental	
	<u>Ac</u>	<u>ctivities</u>	
Unavailable Revenues			
Deferred Property Taxes	\$	11,938	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,938	

#### NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### NOTE 11 – ACCUMULATED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated unpaid compensated absences are accrued in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. The accrual at year-end consisted of \$4,166 payable in less than one year and \$16,665 payable in future years.

The District's non-vested sick leave on June 30, 2021 was \$37,485.

#### NOTE 12 – CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable are liabilities considered due and payable in 60 days or less.

Current Liabilities are those liabilities payable within one year.

Changes in Current Liabilities :

	Balance				1141	Л	1	Balance		
	June	30, 2020		Ad	<u>ditions</u>	<u>D</u> e	eletions_	June	30, 2021	
Accounts Payable	\$	5,954	•	\$	0	\$	614	\$	5,340	
Payroll Taxes Payable		6,327			472		0		6,799	
Wages Payable		10,293			1,382		0		11,675	
Compensated Absences		6,755			0		2,589		4,166	
Notes Payable		17,903			0		17,903		0	
Line of Credit		0			0		0		0	
Totals	\$	47,232		\$	1,854	\$	21,106	\$	27,980	

#### NOTE 13- LINE OF CREDIT

The District has an unsecured revolving line of credit with the County totaling \$150,000. The line of credit expires at the end of each fiscal year. The interest rate is determined by the County and is usually a percentage of the prime interest rate at the time of use.

The District did not have a balance outstanding on this line of credit as of June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 14- COMMITMENTS

A commitment is an obligation arising from an existing contract, agreement or legislative enactment or regulation that will become an actual liability upon the fulfillment of specified conditions. At the close of the Fiscal Year, the District had no committed funds.

# NOTE 15 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

In the government-wide financial statements, non-current liabilities and other non-current obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.

#### General Obligation Bonds

The District does not currently have any general obligation bonds.

**Operating** Leases

The District does not currently have any operating leases.

Notes Payable

**Building:** The District entered into a lease/purchase agreement for a Fire Station Building with Zion Bank. The lease/purchase was dated August 7<sup>th</sup>, 2012, in the amount of \$167,992 with an interest rate of 5.029%. It has a semi-annual payment of \$12,156, starting in December 1<sup>st</sup>, 2012, with a final payment due on December 1<sup>st</sup>, 2021. This is a refinance of the original lease of \$383,227. The original lease was dated on January 1, 2006. During the 2020/2021 Fiscal Year the District paid off the remaining balance on this lease/purchase.

**<u>Zoll Monitors</u>**: The District entered into a lease/purchase agreement for a Zoll Monitors with Univest Capital Inc. The lease/purchase was dated April  $22^{nd}$ , 2020, in the amount of \$43,995 with an interest rate of 6.76%. It has a monthly payment of \$745, starting in May  $22^{nd}$ , 2020, with a final payment due on April  $22^{nd}$ , 2025. During the 2020/2021 Fiscal Year, the District paid off the remaining balance on this lease/purchase.

Description_	Interest Rate	Lease Term	Balance June 30, 2	
Building	5.029%	12/01/2021	\$	0
Zoll Monitors	6.76%	04/22/2025	\$	0

The following assets were acquired through notes payable:

Description	Cost		Accumulated Depreciation		<u>Carryi</u>	ng Value
Fire Station Zoll Monitors	\$	383,227 43,995	\$	102,839 26,398	\$	280,388 17,597
Total	\$	427,222	\$	129,237	\$	297,985

Changes	in	Non-Current	Liabilities	:

C C	alance <u>30, 2020</u>	<u>Additi</u>	<u>ons</u>	De	eletions	lance 30, 2021
Building Zoll Monitors	\$ 11,858 6,045	\$	0 0	\$	11,858 6,045	\$ 0 0
Total Lease Obligations	17,903		0		17,903	0
Compensated Absences – Due in More than One Year	 33,776	35,	749		48,694	 20,831
Total Lease Obligations and Compensated Absences	51,679	35,	749		66,597	20,831
Less: Current Capital Liabilities	 17,903		0		17,903	 0
Totals	\$ 33,776	\$ 35,	749	\$	48,694	\$ 20,831

#### NOTE 16 – NET POSITION/ FUND BALANCE

The District's Net Position balances consist of restricted, unrestricted, and net investment in capital assets amounts.

The District's Governmental Funds fund balances consist of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned amounts.

Restricted balances are amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances are amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., District Board). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance is amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board or by an official or body to which the District Board delegates the authority.

Unassigned or unrestricted fund balances are amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Net Position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$ 560,473 264,513
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 824,986</u>
Governmental Fund Balances:	
Assigned -Payroll Assigned -Capital	\$     6,556 <u>     117,943</u>
Total Assigned Fund Balances	124,499
Total Unassigned Fund Balance	124,147
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$ 248,646</u>

# NOTE 17 - PROPERTY TAXES

The District is authorized to levy property taxes in an amount sufficient to operate the District. This levy cannot exceed three dollars and twenty-five cents per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation. It also cannot exceed the amount of the levy in the preceding tax year multiplied by 1.08.

The District levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

The District also levies various personal property taxes during the year, which are due at the same time as real property taxes.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

The taxpayers may, by vote of the electorate, authorize either a five year budget override or a permanent override, depending upon certain criteria being met. The taxpayers also may authorize the issuance of bonds for capital acquisitions in addition to the operating taxes referred to above.

The County collects a County-Wide Fire District Assistance Tax (FDAT) and distributes the funds to all Fire Districts in the County, according to a formula established by state law. The maximum awarded to a District cannot exceed \$400,000 per year.

### NOTE 18 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND POST EMPLOYMENT PLANS

The District and employees contribute to a retirement plan. This plan is the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). For public safety personnel, state statute regulates retirement, death, long-term disability, and survivor insurance premium benefits.

The cost of postemployment healthcare benefits, from an accrual accounting perspective, should be associated with the periods in which future costs are earned rather than in the future years when they will be paid (similar to the cost of pension benefits), GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* requires the District to recognize the entire OPEB liability and a comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. The comprehensive measures of OPEB expense includes immediate recognition in OPEB expense of the effects of changes of benefit terms, as well as the incorporation of the amortization of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB over a defined, closed period.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for which it contributes:

	PSPRS	PSPRS
	PENSION	OPEB
Net asset	0	15,128
Net liability	208,719	0
Deferred outflows of		
resources	431,561	3,441
Deferred inflows of		
resources	201,866	14,785
Pension & OPEB expense	84,059	2,108

#### Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

*Plan Description* – The District entered into a Joinder Agreement with the Arizona State Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium plan to all full-time personnel engage in fire suppression or hazardous duty activities and/or fire support. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

District public safety employees who became PSPRS members before July 1, 2017 participate in the agent plans, and those who became members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool). A defined contribution plan is only available to those members who became a member on or after January 1, 2012.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes their financial statements and required supplementary information of PSPRS. The reports are available on the PSPRS Web site at <u>www.psprs.com</u> or may be obtained by writing to Public Safety Personnel, 3010 E. Camelback Road. Suite 200, Phoenix, Arizona 85016 or calling (602) 255-5575

**Benefits Provided** – The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement commences the first day of the month following termination of employment. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

TIER 1 – Members prior to December 31, 2011

1. 20 years of credited service: 50% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 20 years of service.

- 2. Age 62 with 15 years of service, or 20 years of service with less than 20 years of credited service: 50% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 20 years of credited service. The pension is reduced by 4% per year for each year of credited service under 20 years.
- 3. 20 to 24.99 years of credited service: 50% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 20 years of credited service plus 2% of the average monthly benefit compensation for each year of credited service between 20 and 24.99 years.
- 4. 25 or more years of credited service: 50% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 20 years of credited service plus 2.5% of the average monthly benefit compensation for each year of credited service above 20 years up to a maximum of 80% of the average monthly benefit.

TIER 2 – Members joining between January 1, 2012 and June 30, 2017

- 1. Age 52.5 with 15 years of credited service but less than 25 years: average monthly benefit compensation times a multiplier that varies by years of service, from 1.5% to 2.5% per year of service, times the number of years of service.
- 2. Age 52.5 with 25 years of credited service: 62.5% of the average monthly benefit compensation. Benefits will be reduced by 4% for each year of credited service under 25 years.
- 3. 25 or more years of credited service: 62.5% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 25 years of credited service plus 2.5% of the average monthly benefit compensation for each year of credited service above 25 years up to a maximum of 80% of the average monthly benefit compensation. The pension is reduced by 4% for each year of credited service under 25 years with a pro-rata reduction for any fractional years.

TIER 3 - Members joining July 1, 2017 or after

 Age 55 with 15 or more years of credited service: average monthly benefit compensation times a multiplier that varies by years of service from 1.5% to 2.5% per year of service, times the number of years of service – up to a maximum of 80% of the average monthly benefit compensation. 2. An individual who became a member on or after July 1, 2017, and reaches age 52.5 with at least 15 years of credited service may take an early retirement; however, the amount of his or her retirement benefit is actuarially reduced.

This group of members will enroll in a hybrid plan, which has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. Employees who are part of this group may also elect to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of the hybrid plan. If enrolling in the hybrid plan, benefits (defined benefit portion only) commence on the first day of the month following termination of employment.

"Average Monthly Benefit Compensation" is defined differently for each tier above. The definitions are as follows:

Tier 1- is the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation within the last 20 years of service.

Tier 2- is the 60 consecutive months of highest compensation within the last 20 years of service.

Tier 3- is the 60 consecutive months of highest compensation within the last 15 years of service.

Disability benefits are calculated as follows:

Accidental Disability Retirement:	50% of average monthly compensation, or normal pension, whichever is greater.
Catastrophic Disability Retirement:	90% of average monthly compensation for the first 60 months. Thereafter, the benefit is the greater of 62.5% of the average monthly compensation or the members accrued normal pension.
Ordinary Disability Retirement:	A percentage of normal pension on employee's credited service (maximum 20 years divided by 20).

Survivor benefits are paid on behalf of an active member in the amount of 80% of the pension based on the calculation for an accidental disability retirement. If the member was killed in the line of duty, the benefit is 100% of the member's average monthly compensation. The benefit amount is allocated to the surviving spouse and, if applicable, eligible children. If there is no surviving spouse, and there is at least one eligible child, the guardian of the eligible child(ren) are the recipients of the benefit. If there is no surviving spouse or eligible child(ren), the member's named beneficiary on file will receive the member's accumulated contributions. Benefits are paid on behalf of inactive, non-retired member to the member's named beneficiary in the mount of member's accumulated contributions. Death benefits are paid on behalf of a retired member in a manner similar to an active member. The surviving spouse (if married for at least two consecutive years at the time of the member's death) will receive 80% of the members pension

benefit for lifetime. The surviving children and guardian provisions are the same as those regarding active members, with the exception that the percentages received are based upon the pension amount as opposed to the amounts referenced above for active members. If there is no surviving spouse or eligible child(ren), the member's named beneficiary on file will receive the member's accumulated contributions less the pension payment made to the member.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$150 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

**Employees covered by benefit terms** – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plan's benefit terms:

PSPRS

	<u>r 5r</u>	<u>NS</u>
	Pension	<b>OPEB</b>
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet		
receiving benefits	1	0
DROP	0	0
Active employees	<u>7</u>	7
Total	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>

*Contributions* – State statues establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active members and employer contribution rates are expected to finance costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2021, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active member	District	Health insurance
	Pension	Pension	Premium benefit
Active members - pension	7.65%		
District:			
Pension	7.65%	16.42%	0.10%
Tier 3 Risk Pool	9.05%	9.05%	0.13%

District contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2021, were:

	Net pension			
PSPRS	\$	57,009	\$	122

**Pension Liability** – The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.5% to 7.4%, decreasing the wage inflation from 4% to 3.5%, and updating mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement assumptions. The total pension liabilities for PSPRS also reflect changes of benefit terms for legislation that changed benefit eligibility and multipliers for employees who became members between January 1, 2012 and June 30, 2017, and a court decision that decreased the contribution rates for the employees who became members before July 20, 2011.

At June 30, 2021 the District reported the following assets and liabilities:

	Ne	t pension	Ne	et OPEB
	(asse	et) liability	(asse	et) liability
PSPRS	\$	208,719	\$	(15,128)

*Actuarial assumptions* – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.30%
Wage inflation	3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	PUB-S-2010 tables
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.30 using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
US public equity	23%	4.93%
International public equity	15%	6.09%
Global private equity	18%	8.42%
Other assets		
(capital appreciation)	7%	5.61%
Core bonds	2%	0.22%
Private credit	22%	5.31%
Diversifying strategies	12%	3.22%
Cash – Mellon		-0.60%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

**Discount Rates** – At June 30, 2020, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.3%, which was unchanged from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution

rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

#### Pension/OPEB

-	Total Pension Liability	Pension Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Hea Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>	Ith insurance premium ber Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	nefit Net OPEB Liability	
Balances At June 30, 2020	\$ 1,550,891	\$ 1,583,764	\$ (32,873)	\$ 24,981	\$ 44,222	\$ (19,241)	
Changes for the current year:							
Service Cost	84.059	0	84,059	2,108	0	2,108	
Interest on the total pension liability	118,119	0	118,119	2,005	0	2,005	
Changes of benefit terms	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the							
total liability	154,521	0	154,521	639	0	639	
Change of assumptions or other inputs	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Contributions – Employer	0	57,009	(57,009)	0	122	(122)	
Contributions – Employee	0	39,321	(39,321)	0	0	0	
Net investment income	0	20,577	(20,577)	0	563	(563)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions	(33,776)	(33,776)	0	0	0	0	
Hall/Parker Settlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other changes	C	(1,800)	1,800	0	(46)	46	
Net Changes	322.923	81.331	241.592	4.752	639	4.113	
Balances at June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 1.873.814</u>	<u>\$ 1.665.095</u>	\$ 208.719	\$ 29.733	<u>\$ 44.861</u>	\$ (15.128)	

#### Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability

**Sensitivity of the District's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate** – The following table presents the District's net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the District's net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Γ	Discount	1% Increase				
				Rate					
		6.30%		7.30%	8.30%				
Net OPEB liability	\$	(10,490)	\$	(15,128)	\$	(18,963)			
Net pension liability	\$	538,938	\$	208,719	\$	(55,293)			

**Pension plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report. The report is available on the PSPRS website at <u>www.psprs.com</u>.

**Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources** – For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense for PSPRS of \$ 84,059 and \$ 2,108 as OPEB expense.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflow and inflows of resources related pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

		Per	nsion		Health Insurance Premium Benefit				
	Ou	eferred tflows of esources		red Inflows Resources	Out	erred lows of ources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumption or other inputs Net difference between project and actual	\$	201,786 84,966	\$	201,866 0	\$	583 330	\$	14,005 780	
earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		87,800 57,009		0 0		2,406 122		0 0	
Total	<u>\$</u>	431.561	<u>\$</u>	201.866	<u>\$</u>	3.441	<u>\$</u>	14.785	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	OPEB			
	Net	Net			
	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows of	Inflows of			
	Resources	Resources			
Year Ending June					
30:					
2022	\$ 28,212	\$ (1,126)			
2023	38,142	(847)			
2024	36,952	(877)			
2025	29,721	(1,040)			
2026	(2,639)	(1,574)			
Thereafter	42,298	(6,002)			
	\$ 172.686	\$ (11,466)			

#### **NOTE 19 – PENSION AND RELIEF TRUST FUNDS**

#### ARS 9-981. Authority to purchase alternative pension and benefit plan

A. In lieu of pension and relief benefits provided for under the provisions of article 3 of this chapter, a city, town or fire district may provide for an alternative pension and benefit program for fire fighters not covered under the provisions of article 3 of this chapter or under the public safety personnel retirement system.

B. The fire insurance premium tax received by the city, town or district under section 9-952, contributions from the city, town or district, and deductions from the salaries or compensation of firemen may be used to purchase a private pension or benefit program for firemen. Firemen not covered under the public safety personnel retirement system may elect to be covered under the provisions of the alternative pension and benefit program upon filing a request in writing with the city, town or district.

C. The terms, conditions, benefits, eligibility requirements and contribution rates of the alternative pension and benefit program shall be established by:

1. For a city or town, by the adoption of a resolution of the city or town council.

2. For a fire district with a board, by the adoption of a resolution of the board.

3. For a fire district without a board, by the adoption of a resolution of the board of trustees of the firemen's relief and pension fund and the approval of the board of supervisors.

D. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, pension and benefit programs authorized under this article shall not be construed to be a contract between the employee and employer and are subject to annual appropriations of the city, town or district.

Pursuant to ARS, the District contributes to a pension and relief fund for volunteer firefighters. The funds are administered by an outside consulting firm who prepares a separate annual report. This report is available through Innes & Associates, 4302 East Ray Road, Suite 117, Phoenix, Arizona, 85044

# NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events and does not know of any additional comments or disclosures that should be made thru the date of this report.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Exhibit I

	Budgetec	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues:							
Property Taxes	\$ 564,288	\$ 564,288	\$ 571,563	\$ 7,275			
Fire District Assistance Tax	61,772	61,772	60,616	(1,156)			
Fees for Service	202,000	202,000	130,450	(71,550)			
Interest Earnings	-	-	2,364	2,364			
Operating Grants	-	-	17,809	17,809			
Miscellaneous			14,901	14,901			
Total Revenues	828,060	828,060	797,703	(30,357)			
Expenditures:							
Public Safety:							
Personnel	687,299	687,299	716,668	(29,369)			
Materials & Supplies	319,283	319,283	69,074	250,209			
Administration	61,850	61,850	52,425	9,425			
Operating Grants	-	-	17,507	(17,507)			
Debt Service-Principal	17,903	17,903	17,903	-			
- Interest	3,213	3,213	2,964	249			
Capital Outlay	21,789	21,789		21,789			
Total Expenditures	1,111,337	1,111,337	876,541	234,796			
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues over Expenditures	(283,277)	(283,277)	(78,838)	204,439			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(283,277)	(283,277)	(78,838)	204,439			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	283,277	283,277	327,484	44,207			
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$ 248,646	\$ 248,646			

See Accompanying Notes To The Budgetary Comparison Schedule

# GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY REQUIREMENTS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the Arizona Revised Statutes, the District is required to adopt an annual operating budget no later than August 1<sup>st</sup>. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and appropriations lapse at year-end.

### NOTE 2 - OVER-EXPENDITURE OF BUDGET LINE ITEMS

The District expended \$29,369 more in personnel costs than was budgeted. This was due to unexpected personnel costs related to staffing during the pandemic. In addition, the District received an unexpected grant to assist with addition al costs incurred in providing PPE during the pandemic. This unexpected grant expense caused a negative variance of \$17,507 but was offset by the receipt of grant revenue in the amount of \$17,809.

The legal compliance of budgeting for Special Districts in Arizona is at the fund level. The District did not overspend its budget at the fund level.

#### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans (PSPRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years Year Ended June 30, 2021

**PSPRS** 

**FISCAL YEAR** 2014 THROUGH Reporting Year 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Measurement Date (2020)(2019)(2018) (2017)(2016)(2015)(2014)2011 **Total Pension Liability** Information Service Cost \$ 84,059 \$ 83,496 \$ 73,167 \$ 75,973 \$ 83,158 \$ 91,161 \$ 75,169 not available Interest on total pension liability 118.119 109,571 88,591 76,790 61,192 73,559 69.034 Changes of benefit terms 14,470 104,068 (2,579)-Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability 154,521 (36, 306)13,800 (67, 391)(47, 118)98,656 (220, 404)Changes of assumptions or other inputs 27,437 47,900 45,835 13,181 Benefit payments including refund of employee contributions (33,776)(39, 380)(8, 237)(120, 209)(75, 520)Net change in pension liability 322,923 134,006 252,177 178,827 187,844 (131, 204)87,414 Total pension liability - beginning 1,550,891 1,416,885 1,164,708 985,881 798,037 929,241 841,827 Total pension liability - ending (a) \$ 1,550,891 \$ 1,416,885 \$ 1,164,708 \$ 985,881 \$ 798,037 \$ 929,241 \$ 1,873,814 Plan Fiduciary net position Contributions - employer \$ 57,009 \$ 49,422 \$ 54,860 33,798 \$ 50,754 \$ 44,782 \$ 45,495 S Contributions - employee 39.321 35.688 32.815 42,349 54,183 47.095 39.849 Net investment income 20.577 80.397 93.971 136.699 123.715 6.173 40.896 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (33,776)(39.380)(8,237)(120, 209)(75, 520)Hall/Parker Settlement (45,879) Pension plan administrative expense (1,800)(2,397)(2, 130)(1,610)(1,288)(1.388)Other changes (4.186)(817)(19,775)15 15 Net change in plan fiduciary net position 81,331 123,730 125,415 211,251 (14, 573)55,048 189,284 Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 1,583,764 1,460,034 1,334,619 1,123,368 1,137,941 1,082,893 893,609 Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) \$ 1,665,095 \$ 1,583,764 \$ 1,460,034 \$ 1,334,619 \$ 1,123,368 \$ 1,137,941 \$ 1,082,893

RSI-1

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans (PSPRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years Year Ended June 30, 2021

RSI-1

PSPRS				FISCAL	<b>Y</b>	EAR			
Reporting Year Mesurement Date	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	 2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)	 2016 (2015)	 2015 (2014)	2014 THROUGH 2011
District's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b <u>)</u>	208,719	\$ (32,873)	\$ (43,149)	\$ (169,911)	\$	(137,487)	\$ (339,904)	\$ (153,652)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.00%	102.12%	103.05%	114.59%		113.95%	142.59%	116.54%	
Covered-employee payroll \$	416,232	\$ 382,840	\$ 342,703	\$ 355,181	\$	465,089	\$ 413,519	\$ 481,525	
District's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	50.14%	-8.59%	-12.59%	-47.84%		-29.56%	-82.20%	-31.91%	

See accompanying notes to the Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules

#### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans ( PSPRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years Year Ended June 30, 2021

OPEB

	FISCAL YEAR											
Reporting Year Measurement Date		2021 (2020)		2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 THROUGH 2011
<b>Total Pension Liability</b> Service Cost Interest on total pension liability Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability	\$	2,108 2,005 - 639	\$	1,302 1,970 -	\$	1,234 2,702 -	\$	1,314 2,565 -	Information not available	Information not available	Information not available	Information not available
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments including refund of employee contributions		-		(4,013) 397 -		(14,246) - (520)		(185) (1,080) -				
Net change in pension liability		4,752		(344)		(10,830)		2,614	-	-	-	
Total pension liability - beginning		24,981		25,325		36,155		33,541				
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	29,733	\$	24,981	\$	25,325	\$	36,155	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	
Plan Fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer		122		1,366		1,295		1,253				
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-				
Net investment income		563		2,243		2,636		3,860				
Benefit payments, including refunds of												
employee contributions		-		-		(520)		-				
Pension plan administrative expense		(46)		(39)		(40)		(34)				
Other changes		-		-		-		-				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		639		3,570		3,371		5,079	-	-	-	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		44,222		40,652		37,281	_	32,202				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	44,861	\$	44,222	\$	40,652	\$	37,281	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	: <u></u>

RSI-2

#### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans ( PSPRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years Year Ended June 30, 2021

RSI-2

OPEB					FISCAL	YEAR			
Reporting Year Mesurement Date	2021 (2020)	 2020 (2019)	1	2019 (2018)	 2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 THROUGH 
District's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b <u>) \$</u>	(15,128)	\$ (19,241)	\$	(15,327)	\$ (1,126)	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$-</u>	\$ -	
						Information not available	Information not available	Information not available	Information not available
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	150.88%	177.02%		160.52%	103.11%				
Covered-employee payroll \$	416,232	\$ 382,840	\$	342,703	\$ 355,181				
District's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	-3.63%	-5.03%		-4.47%	-0.32%				

#### See accompanying notes to the Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Pension Contributions (PSPRS) Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **PSPRS - Pension**

RSI-3

	 2021 asurement ite (2020)	 2020 asurement ate (2019)	 2019 asurement ate (2018)	 2018 asurement ate (2017)	 2017 asurement ate (2016)	 2016 asurement ate (2015)	 2015 asurement ate (2014)	2014 through 2011
Actuarially determined contribution District's contributions in relation to the	\$ 57,009	\$ 49,422	\$ 54,860	\$ 33,798	\$ 50,754	\$ 44,782	\$ 45,495	Information not
actuarially determined contribution	57,009	49,422	54,860	33,798	50,754	44,782	45,495	available
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -							
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 416,232	\$ 382,840	\$ 342,703	\$ 355,181	\$ 465,089	\$ 413,519	\$ 481,525	
District's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 13.70%	 12.91%	16.01%	9.52%	 10.91%	10.83%	 9.45%	

See accompanying notes to the Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules

### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of OPEB Contributions (PSPRS) Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **PSPRS - OPEB**

RSI-4

	 2021 asurement ite (2020)	 2020 asurement ate (2019)	 2019 asurement ate (2018)	 2018 asurement ate (2017)	2017 Measurement Date (2016)	2016 Measurement Date (2015)	2015 Measurement Date (2014)	2014 through Date (2010)
Actuarially determined contribution District's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 122 122	\$ 1,366 1,366	\$ 1,295 1,295	\$ 1,253 1,253	Information not available	Information not available	Information not available	Information not available
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
District's covered-employee payroll District's contributions as a percentage of	\$ 416,232	\$ 382,840	\$ 342,703	\$ 355,181				
covered-employee payroll	 0.03%	 0.36%	 0.38%	 0.35%				

#### GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptins used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method:	Entry age Normal
Amortization method:	Level percent-of-pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	I: 20 years; if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, the excess was amortized over
	an open period of 20 years and applied as a credit to reduce the normal cost which otherwises would be payable.
Asset valuation method:	7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor
Wage growth:	In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0 - 8.0%. In the 2014 actuarial valuation,
	wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%
Projected Salary Increases:	In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.0%-8.0% to 3.75%-7.5%.
	In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0%.
	In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projecvted salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0( to 4.5%-8.5%
Investment Rate of Return	In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial
	valuation the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the
	investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.
Retirement age:	Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012
	valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.
Mortality:	In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales
	RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)
Assumed future permanent	Members retiring on or before July 1, 2011: 2% of overall average benefit compounded annually. All members receive the same
benefit increases:	dollar amount of increase. Members retired on or after August 1, 2011: 0.5% of overall average benefit compounded annually.
	All members receive the same dollar amount of increase.

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law changing the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent behefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effectTheseive date. Changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the District refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the District to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the District pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.

# **OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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# GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT ANNUAL REPORT INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

AZ Revised Statutes (ARS) requires certain additional information be attached to the audit report to comply with ARS 48-251 & 48-253 as required to meet the requirements of the AZ "Annual Report" of Special Districts. This information is included as other supplementary information.

# **REGULAR FIRE BOARD MEETINGS:**

Date	Time	Location
July 23, 2020 August 27, 2020 Sept 24, 2020 October 22, 2020	2:00 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:00 p.m.	12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ 12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ 12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ 12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ
Nov 19, 2020	2:00 p.m.	12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ
December 29, 2020	2:00 p.m.	12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ
January 28, 2021 February 18, 2021	2:00 p.m. 2:00 p.m.	12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ 12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ
March 24, 2021	2:00 p.m.	12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ
April 22, 2021	2:00 p.m.	12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ
May 27, 2021 June 24, 2021	2:00 p.m. 2:00 p.m.	12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ 12950 Oatman Highway, Topock, AZ

# **BOARD MEMBERS:**

Name	Business Phone Number	Occupation_
Larry Addante	(928) 768-4546	Chairperson
Joy Bancroft	(928) 768-4546	Clerk of the Board
Clarence Christiansen	(928) 768-4546	Member
Butch Delk	(928) 768-4546	Member
Joe Buckles	(928) 768-4546	Member

### LOCATION OF POSTING OF MEETING NOTICES (all meetings):

Golden Shores Fire Department Golden Shores Fire Department Website Topock Elementary School Golden Shores Community Center

### **LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARY CHANGES:**

NONE

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# GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT ANNUAL REPORT INFORMATION VOLUNTEER PENSION DISTRIBUTIONS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS) requires certain additional information be attached to the audit report to comply with ARS 9-956 as required to meet the requirements of the Arizona Annual "Report of Volunteer Fire Fighters Relief and Pension Fund". This information is included as other supplementary information.

TYPE OF DISTRIBUTION	NAME	AMOUNT		
Article 4 Article 4	Jim Boyle Wendell Ormiston	10,000 112		
Total		<u>\$ 10,112</u>		

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# **GOLDEN SHORES FIRE DISTRICT**

# **GOVERNMENT AUDIT STANDARDS SECTION**

June 30, 2021

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# SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD JAMES H. SAUNDERS, CPA, CFE, CGFM, PI. TRICIA E. SAUNDERS, PI.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGER LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS #01534603, # 1003706 6008 W. CORTEZ ST GLENDALE, ARIZONA 85304 Tel: (623) 476-8660 Fax: (602) 926-2431 E-Mail: JamesH49@AOL.com Triciaesaunders@yahoo.com International Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

Arizona Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Arizona Association of Licensed Private Investigators

To the Governing Board Golden Shores Fire District Topock, Arizona

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Arizona Society of Certified Public Accountants

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Golden Shores Fire District, Topock, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2022.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control... June 30, 2021 Page 2

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

# Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona February 8, 2022

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# SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD JAMES H. SAUNDERS, CPA, CFE, CGFM, PI

### TRICIA E. SAUNDERS, PI

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT6008 W. CORTEZ STCERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINERGLENDALE, ARIZONA 85304CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGERTel: (623) 476-8660LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR S #01534603, # 1003706Fax: (602) 926-2431E-Mail:JamesH49@ AOL.com<br/>Triciaesaunders@yaboo .com

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Arizona Society of Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE OF ARIZONA FIRE DISTRICT REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

To the Governing Board Golden Shores Fire District Topock, Arizona

#### **Report on Compliance**

We have audited the Golden Shores Fire District's (the District) compliance with the requirements of Arizona Revised Statutes Title 48-805 for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2022 Our audit included test work on the District's compliance with the selected requirements identified in the State of Arizona Revised Statutes and the Arizona State Constitution including, but not limited to, Title 48, Chapter 5, Article 1 and ARS 48-805.

#### Management's Responsibility

The management of the District is responsible for compliance with all requirements identified above.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit; specifically, the following statements:

- 1. That the District has not incurred any debt or liability in excess of taxes levied and to be collected and the monies actually available and unencumbered at that time in the District general fund except for those liabilities as prescribed in section 48-805, subsection B, paragraph 2 and sections 48-806 and 48-807.
- 2. That the District complies with subsection F of section 48-805.
- 3. Whether the audit or report disclosed any information contrary to the certification made as prescribed by subsection D, paragraph 1 of section 48-805.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the District complied with the requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the applicable compliance requirements identified in the Arizona Revised Statutes as noted above and the results of that testing based on the state requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

# Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona February 8, 2022

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